BUILD YOUR OWN
CLAY BRICK BRAAI - PLAN B
MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES

Clay Face Bricks  255
Clay Plaster Bricks  70
Red Quarry Tiles (229x114x16)  36
Ceramic Mini-Tiles  4 Sheets
Cement  90kg
Building Sand  360kg
Steel Lugs (120x40x6)  16
Steel Bars (76x10x1150)  2
Grille  1
Fire Grate  1
Warming Plate (Chromed)  1

TOOLS

Bricklayers Trowel
900mm Spirit Level
Brick Hammer
Bricklayers Line
Bricklayers Pins Corner Blocks
Square and ruler or tape measure
INSTRUCTIONS

Study Instructions and Drawings before starting.

This project has been kept as simple as possible and can be completed in a weekend. Each stage has been illustrated with drawings. The plan and elevation drawings show the overall dimensions of the braai, and the perspective drawing shows how it looks on completion. A copy of the book ‘Clay Bricklaying is Easy’ is available from ClayBrick.org for instructions on mixing sand and mortar and techniques for handling tools.

1. Foundation

If you have a hard level floor as in the corner of a patio, it will be all the foundation you need to set the bricks out. However, if you are working on ground, clear and level an area of about 150mm wider all around than the size of the completed braai area.

Then excavate about 2-courses deep (160mm) and fill with bricks and mortar. Check levels all the way. Allow to dry for a few hours.

2. Setting Out

Set out the back line by stretching a line between two bricks. The distance between the inside faces of the bricks should be equal to the length of the braai.

Use a square to take a line off at a right angle from the inner corner of the right-hand brick (see illustration). Measure off the width against this line and secure the line with a brick. Use a pencil to mark the two lines you have set out.

Place Clay Bricks loosely, allowing 10mm gaps for mortar against the back and side lines. From this square base you can now complete the perimeter set of brickwork as seen in the drawing for the 1st course. Once this is done, remove the loose bricks and start laying the Clay Bricks in mortar following the pattern in the drawing for the 1st course.

2. Laying the Courses

For simplicity, we show exactly how the Clay Bricks are to be laid in each course, allowing for a 10mm joint per course.

Spread the mortar evenly. Constantly check levels and plumb.

Strike the joints with the tip of a trowel to keep them neat as shown. Watch for positioning of steel lugs and bars.
3. **Laying Quarry Tiles**

   The quarry tiles are laid on the bottom of the fire box and around the top edge of the grille on a bed of mortar about 10mm thick, in the trough between the two side walls (see illustration after 10th course). Check with spirit level and tap down with trowel handle where necessary.

   Work mortar into joints and clean off with dry cloth and broom.

4. **Laying the Mini-Tiles**

   These are laid on the top of the front wall to provide a working top. Lay a bed of mortar and strike off level with a board. The mini-tile sheets have a net backing for easy handling.

   For the grout, mix a jam tin of cement with a quarter tin of water to form a creamy paste.

   Proceed as follows:

   a) Lay the sheets of tiles against each other on the mortar bed.
   b) Cut the net backing with a knife to remove excess tiles.
   c) Trowel on the grouting mixture and work into the joints.
   d) Wipe tiles clean with dry cloth or soft paper.

   **THAT’S IT !**

   Fit the steel plate, grille and fire-grate on the lugs.

   Clean up the site.

   Wait three days for mortar and grout to dry out before making your first fire.

   **Have a Great Clay Brick Braai!**

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**Disclaimer:** The use of this information is based on recognised principles of design and construction and is at the discretion of the respective builder, contractor and end-user. ClayBrick.org is neither able to warrant the suitability of workmanship and the performance of any building material in a particular environment and does not accept responsibility for any claims arising from this information.